K.K. UNIVERSITY

NALANDA, BIHAR-803115



SCHOOL OF APPLIED SCIENCES

Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.)

(Three Year Full Programme) 2023-2024

PROGRAMME STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS

B.Sc. ZOOLOGY





B.Sc. ZOOLOGY PROGRAMME STRUCTURE TOTAL CREDITS: 118

		SEMESTER: I				
Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Т	Р	Credit
1	BSZG-1101	Bio diversity-I	3	1	0	4
2	BSBT-S-1101	Botany-I	2	1	0	3
3	BSCH-S-1101	Chemistry-I	2	1	0	3
4	HNL-1101	Hindi-I	2	0	0	2
5	BSZG-1101P	Practical: Bio diversity -I	0	0	6	3
6	BSBT-S-1101P	Practical: Botany -I	0	0	4	2
7	BSCH-S-1101P	Practical: Chemistry - I	0	0	4	2
		T	otal	Cre	dit	19
		SEMESTER: II				
Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Τ	P	Total Credit
1	BSZG- 1201	Bio diversity-II	3	1	0	4
2	BSBT-S- 1201	Botany-II	2	1	0	3
3	BSCH-S- 1201	Chemistry-II	2	1	0	3
4	ENG 1201	English -I	2	0	0	2
5	BSZG-1201P	Practical: Bio diversity-II	0	0	6	3
6	BSBT-S- 1201P	Practical: Botany-II	0	0	4	2
7	BSCH-S-1201P	Practical: Chemistry-II	0	0	4	2
		T	otal	Cre	dit	19
		SEMESTER: III				
Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Τ	P	Total Credit
1	BSZG - 2101	Chordata Evolution and Type Study	3	1	0	4
2	BSBT -S- 2101	Botany-III	2	1	0	3
3	BSCH-S- 2101	Chemistry-III	2	1	0	3
4	HNL 2101	Hindi-II	2	0	0	2
5	BSZG-2101P	Practical: Chordata Evolution	0	0	6	3
6	BSBT-S-2101P	Practical: Botany-III	0	0	4	2
7	BSCH-S-2101P	Practical: Chemistry-III	0	0	4	2
		T	otal	Cre	dit	19
		SEMESTER: IV				
Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Т	P	Total Credit
	0	Chordata Diversity, Comparative				
1	BSZG-2201	Anatomy & Embryology	3	1	0	4
2	BSBT-S-2201	Botany-IV	2	1	0	3
3	BSCH-S-2201	Chemistry- IV	2	1	0	3
4	ENL -2201	English-II	2	0	0	2



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5	BSZG-S-2201P	Practical: Chordata Diversity, Comparative Anatomy & Embryology	0	0	6	3
6	BSBT-S- 2201P	Practical: Botany-IV	0	0	4	2
7	BSCH-S- 2201P	Practical: Chemistry -IV	0	0	4	2
		Τ	otal	Cre	dit	19
		SEMESTER: V				
Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Т	P	Total Credit
1	BSZG 3101	Mammalian Physiology	3	1	0	4
2	BSZG 3102	Cell Biology & Biometry	3	1	0	4
3	BSZG 3103	Bio-chemistry & Endocrinology	3	1	0	4
4	BSZG 3101 P	Practical: Mammalian Physiology	0	0	6	3
5	BSZG 3102 P	Practical: Cell Biology & Biometry	0	0	6	3
6	BSZG 3103 P	Practical: Bio-chemistry & Endocrinology	0	0	6	3
L			otal	Cre	dit	21
		SEMESTER: VI				
Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Τ	P	Total Credit
1	BSZG 3201	Genetics & Biotechnology	3	1	0	4
2	BSZG 3202	Paleozoology, Evolutionary history & Zoogeography	3	1	0	4
3	BSZG 3203	Mechanism of Evolution & Animal Behaviour	3	1	0	4
4	BSZG 3201 P	Practical: Genetics & Biotechnology	0	0	6	3
5	BSZG 3202 P	Practical: Paleozoology, Evolutionary history & Zoogeography	0	0	6	3
5						
5	BSZG 3203 P	Practical: Mechanism of Evolution & Animal Behaviour	0	0	6	3

Abbreviations: L- Lectures, T-Tutorial, P-Practical, C-Credits





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SEMESTER I Bio Diversity-I (Protists to Pseudocoelomates) (BSZH – 1101)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand origin metazoans and classification based on development of coelom and larval stages.

CO2: Identify the invertebrates and classify them up to the class level.

CO3: Compare anatomy, physiology, and life cycles of representative species from each phylum.

CO4: Evaluate evolutionary relationship with help of comparative anatomy study among chordates.

Course Objective:

This course explores the diversity of life forms from phylum Protista through Pseudocoelomates, emphasizing the evolutionary progression of complexity in organisms. Students will examine the major groups of Protists, including their classifications, physiological traits, and ecological roles. The course then transitions to the study of Pseudocoelomates, focusing on their anatomical structures, developmental biology, and evolutionary significance.





Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No.	No. of
		of hours	week
Ι	Protista, Parazoa and Metazoa	12	1-3
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Study of Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium		
	Life cycle and pathogenicity of <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> and		
	Entamoeba histolytica		
	Locomotion and Reproduction in Protista		
	Evolution of symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa.		
II	Porifera	8	4-5
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Canal system and spicules in sponges		
III	Cnidaria	12	6-8
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Metagenesis in Obelia		
	Polymorphism in Cnidaria		
	Corals and coral reefs		
IV	Platyhelminthes	12	9-11
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Life cycle and pathogenicity of Fasciola hepatica and		
	Taenia solium		
V	Nemathelminthes	12	12-14
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Life cycle and pathogenicity of Ascaris lumbricoides		
	and Wuchereria bancrofti		
	Parasitic adaptations in helminths.		
	REVISION		15

Note: Classification to be followed from "Barnes, R.D. (1987). Invertebrate Zoology, V Edition"

Reference Text Book:

- Barnes, R. D. (1987). Invertebrate Zoology (5th ed.). Saunders College Publishing.
- Kotpal, R. L. (2010). Minor Phyla (11th ed.). Rastogi Publications.
- Jordan, E. L., & Verma, P. S. (2001). Invertebrate Zoology (13th ed.). S. Chand and Co. Ltd.
- Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt SaundersInternational Edition
- Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P. J. W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis, III Edition, Blackwell Science



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Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- https://swayam.gov.in/

Biodiversity I Practical BSZH – 1101 (P)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand origin and classification based on development of coelom and larval stages.

CO2: Identify the invertebrates and classify them up to the class level through museum specimens and slides.

CO3: Compare anatomy, physiology, and life cycles of representative species from each phylum through dissection of specimen.

CO4: Evaluate evolutionary relationship with help of comparative anatomy study among chordates.

Course Objective:

This course offers a comprehensive exploration of non-chordate organisms, ranging from





Protists to Pseudocoelomates. Through practical sessions, students will gain hands-on experience in identifying, dissecting, and studying the diverse forms and functions of these organisms.

Syllabus:	
Dy manual.	

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	• Study of whole mount of Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium, Binary fission and Conjugation in Paramecium	16	1-4
II	• Examination of pond water collected from different places for diversity in protista	8	5-6
III	• Study of Sycon (T.S. and L.S.), <i>Hyalonema</i> , <i>Euplectella</i> , <i>Spongilla</i>	8	7-8
IV	 Study of Obelia, Physalia, Millepora, Aurelia, Tubipora, Corallium, Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Metridium, Pennatula, Fungia, Meandrina, Madrepora One specimen/slide of any ctenophore 	12	9-11
V	 Study of adult <i>Fasciola hepatica</i>, <i>Taenia solium</i> and their life cycles (Slides/micro-photographs) Study of adult <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> and its life stages (Slides/micro-photographs) 	12	12-14
	Laboratory Note Book	1	15

Reference Text Book:

- Kotpal, R. L. (2010). Minor Phyla (11th ed.). Rastogi Publications.
- Jordan, E. L., & Verma, P. S. (2001). Invertebrate Zoology (13th ed.). S. Chand and Co. Ltd.
- Lal, S. S. (2009). Practical Zoology Invertebrate. Rastogi Publications.
- Verma, P. S., & Agarwal, V. K. (2006). A Manual of Practical Zoology: Invertebrates. S. Chand & Company Ltd.

Online Resources:

• <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>





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- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

SEMESTER II

Biodiversity II (Invertebrate Coelomate) BSZH - 1201

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand classification based on various distinct characters.

CO2: Identify the invertebrates and classify them up to the class level.

CO3: Compare anatomy, physiology, and life cycles of representative species from each phylum.

CO4: Evaluate evolutionary relationship with help of comparative anatomy study among chordates.

Course Objective:

This course provides an extensive theoretical study of non-chordate coelomate organisms, including Annelids, Molluscs, Arthropods and Echinoderm. The course covers the taxonomy, morphology, physiology, development, and evolutionary significance of these groups.





Through lectures, readings, and discussions, students will gain a deep understanding of the diversity and complexity of non-chordate coelomate animals.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Introduction to Coelomates	4	1
	Evolution of coelom and metamerism		
II	Annelida	8	2-3
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Excretion in Annelida		
III	Arthropoda	16	4-7
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Vision and Respiration in Arthropoda		
	Metamorphosis in Insects		
	Social life in bees and termites		
IV	Onychophora	4	8
	General characteristics and Evolutionary significance		
V	Mollusca	16	9-12
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Respiration in Mollusca		
	Torsion and detorsion in Gastropoda		
	Pearl formation in bivalves		
	Evolutionary significance of trochophore larva		
VI	Echinodermata	8	13-14
	General characteristics and Classification up to classes		
	Water-vascular system in Asteroidea		
	Larval forms in Echinodermata Affinities with		
	Chordates		
	REVISION		15

Note: Classification to be followed from "Barnes, R.D. (1987). Invertebrate Zoology, V Edition"

Reference Text Book:

- Barnes, R. D. (1987). Invertebrate Zoology (5th ed.). Saunders College Publishing.
- Kotpal, R. L. (2010). Minor Phyla (11th ed.). Rastogi Publications.
- Jordan, E. L., & Verma, P. S. (2001). Invertebrate Zoology (13th ed.). S. Chand and Co. Ltd.
- Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt SaundersInternational Edition
- Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P. J. W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). The



Invertebrates: A New Synthesis, III Edition, Blackwell Science

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Biodiversity II Practical

BSZH – 1101 (P)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand classification based on development of coelom and larval stages.

CO2: Identify the invertebrates and classify them up to the class level through museum specimens and slides.

CO3: Compare anatomy, physiology, and life cycles of representative species from each phylum through dissection of specimen.





CO4: Evaluate evolutionary relationship with help of comparative anatomy study among chordates.

Course Objective:

This course offers a comprehensive exploration of non-chordate coelomate organisms, ranging from Annelida to Echinodermata. Through practical sessions, students will gain hands-on experience in identifying, dissecting, and studying the diverse forms and functions of these organisms.

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
Ι	 Study of Specimens: Annelids - Aphrodite, Nereis, Heteronereis, Sabella, Serpula, Chaetopterus, Pheretima, Hirudinaria Arthropods - Limulus, Palamnaeus, Palaemon, Daphnia, Balanus, Sacculina, Cancer, Eupagurus, Scolopendra, Julus, Bombyx, Periplaneta, termites and honey bees Onychophora - Peripatus Molluscs - Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Doris, Helix, Unio, Ostrea, Pinctada, Sepia, Octopus, Nautilus Echinodermates - Pentaceros/Asterias, Ophiura, Clypeaster, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon 	16	1-4
II	Study of digestive system, septal nephridia and pharyngeal nephridia of earthworm T.S. through pharynx, gizzard, and typhlosolar intestine of earthworm.	16	5-8
III	Mount of mouth parts and dissection of digestive system and nervous system of <i>Periplaneta</i> .	12	9-11
IV	Identification of larval forms (crustacean, mollusc and echinoderm).	12	12-14
	Laboratory Note Book	1	15

Reference Text Book:

- Kotpal, R. L. (2010). Minor Phyla (11th ed.). Rastogi Publications.
- Jordan, E. L., & Verma, P. S. (2001). Invertebrate Zoology (13th ed.). S. Chand and Co. Ltd.
- Lal, S. S. (2009). Practical Zoology Invertebrate. Rastogi Publications.
- Verma, P. S., & Agarwal, V. K. (2006). A Manual of Practical Zoology:

Invertebrates. S. Chand & Company Ltd.

Online Resources:

- Anatomy of earthworm: The dissection works (CD); Source <u>www.scienclass.com</u>;
- Cockroach dissection-<u>www.ento.vt.edu</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

SEMESTER III Chordata Diversity and Type Study BSZH – 2101

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand classification of chordate based on development larval stages and specific characters.

CO2: Identify the vertebrates and classify them up to the class level.

CO3: Compare anatomy, physiology, and life cycles of representative species from each phylum.

CO4: Evaluate evolutionary relationship with help of comparative anatomy study among





chordates.

Course Objective:

The diversity of the phylum Chordata, encompasses subphyla such as Hemichordata, Cephalochordata, Urochordata, and Vertebrata. The course focuses on the taxonomy, morphology, physiology, and evolutionary relationships within this diverse group.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No.	No. of
		of hours	week
Ι	Origin of Chordata	8	1-2
	General characteristics and outline classification		
	Dipleurula concept and the Echinoderm theory of origin of chordates		
	Advanced features of vertebrates over Protochordata		
II	Protochordata	8	3-4
	General characteristics of Hemichordata, Urochordata and Cephalochordata		
	Study of larval forms in protochordates		
	Retrogressive metamorphosis in Urochordata		
III	Agnatha	4	5
	General characteristics and classification of cyclostomes up to		
	class		
IV	Pisces	8	6-7
	General characteristics of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes, classification up to order		
	Migration, Osmoregulation and Parental care in fishes		
V	Amphibia	8	8-9
	Origin of Tetrapoda (Evolution of terrestrial ectotherms)		
	General characteristics and classification up to order		
	Parental care in Amphibians		
VI	Reptilia	8	10-11
	General characteristics and classification up to order		
	Affinities of Sphenodon		
	Poison apparatus and Biting mechanism in snakes		
VII	Aves	8	12-13
	General characteristics and classification up to order		





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	Archaeopteryx- a connecting link Principles and aerodynamics of flight, Flight adaptations and Migration in birds		
VIII	Mammals	8	14-15
	General characters and classification up to order		
	Affinities of Prototheria		
	Adaptive radiation with reference to locomotory appendages		

Classification to be followed from Young, J. Z. (2004), *The life of vertebrates* (3rd ed.). Oxford University Press.

Reference Text Book:

- Waterman, A. J. (1971). Chordate Structure and Function. The Macmillan Company.
- Romer, A. S., & Parsons, T. S. (1986). The Vertebrate Body (6th ed.). Saunders College Publishing.
- Kardong, K. V. (2019). Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution (8th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Chordata Diversity and Type Study (Practical) BSZH – 2101 (P)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.



PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand origin metazoans and classification based on development of coelom and larval stages.

CO2: Identify the vertebrates and classify them up to the class level through study of specimens.

CO3: Compare anatomy, physiology, and life cycles of representative species from each phylum through dissection of specimen.

CO4: Evaluate evolutionary relationship with help of comparative anatomy study among chordates.

Course Objective:

Course is designed to complement the theoretical aspects, providing hands-on experience in observing, identifying, and analyzing various chordate specimens. The practical sessions emphasize developing observational skills, understanding anatomical structures, and exploring functional adaptations.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Study of Specimen	32	1-8
	 Protochordata Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Branchiostoma Agnatha Petromyzon, Myxine Pisces Scoliodon, Sphyrna, Pristis, Torpedo, Chimaera, Mystus, Heteropneustes, Labeo, Exocoetus, Echeneis, Anguilla, Hippocampus, Tetrodon/Diodon, Anabas, Flat fish Amphibia 		



	 Ichthyophis/Ureotyphlus, Necturus, Bufo, Hyla, Alytes, Salamandra Reptilia Chelone, Trionyx, Hemidactylus, Varanus, Uromastix, Chamaeleon,Ophiosaurus, Draco, Bungarus, Vipera, Naja, Hydrophis, Zamenis, Crocodylus Aves Study of six common birds from different orders Mammalia Sorex, Bat (Insectivorous and Frugivorous), Funambulus, Loris, Herpestes, Erinaceous. 		
п	 Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes Types of beaks and claws in birds 	12	9-11
ш	 Dissection of Fowl head (Dissections and mounts subject to permission) Power point presentation on anatomical study of any two animals from two different classes (may be included if dissections not given permission). 	12	12-14
	Laboratory Note Book	1	15

Reference Text Book:

- Lal, S. S. (2009). Practical Zoology Vertebrate. Rastogi Publications.
- Kotpal, R. L. (2012). A Textbook of Practical Zoology: Chordates. Rastogi Publications.
- Mohan, A., & Johal, A. S. (2011). Practical Zoology. Campus Books International.

Online Resources:

- Anatomy of shark: Shark dissection and anatomy (video)- <u>www.neosci.com</u>
- Anatomy of Chordates: The Vertebrate Dissection Guide Series (CD)–Learning Development Centre, University of Portsmouth
- Mammalian Physiology- www.biopac.com
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- https://swayam.gov.in/





Pro Vice Chancellor KK University Berauti, Nepura, Bihar Sharif Nalanda - 803115 (Bihar)





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SEMESTER IV Comparative Anatomy & Embryology of Vertebrate BSZH – 2201

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand the anatomical structures and variations among vertebrate classes.

CO2: Discuss, explain various structure and function of vertebrate system.

C03: Comprehend the fundamental processes of vertebrate embryonic development and their evolutionary significance.

CO4: Develop the ability to analyze and compare anatomical and embryological features, understanding their functional and evolutionary implications.

Course Objective:

This course explores the comparative anatomy and embryology of vertebrates, highlighting the structural and functional adaptations across different vertebrate classes. It covers the embryonic development stages, from fertilization to organogenesis, and compares anatomical features, such as skeletal, muscular, circulatory, respiratory, and nervous systems. This course integrates evolutionary concepts to understand the diversity and similarities among vertebrates, providing insights into evolutionary biology, developmental biology, and anatomy.





Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Integumentary System Structure, functions and derivatives of integument	4	1
II	Skeletal System Overview of axial and appendicular skeleton, Jaw suspension, Visceral arches	8	2-3
III	Digestive System Alimentary canal and associated glands, dentition	4	4
IV	Respiratory System Skin, gills, lungs and air sacs; Accessory respiratory organs	8	5-6
V	Circulatory System General plan of circulation, evolution of heart and aortic arches	8	7-8
VI	Urinogenital System Succession of kidney, Evolution of urinogenital ducts, Types of mammalian uteri	8	9-10
VII	Nervous System Comparative account of brain Autonomic nervous system, Spinal cord, Cranial nerves in mammals	8	11-12
VIII	Sense Organs Classification of receptors Brief account of visual and auditory receptors in man	8	13-14
	REVISION		15

Reference Text Book:

- Lal, S. S. (2009). Practical Zoology Vertebrate. Rastogi Publications.
- Kotpal, R. L. (2012). A Textbook of Practical Zoology: Chordates. Rastogi Publications.
- Mohan, A., & Johal, A. S. (2011). Practical Zoology. Campus Books International.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)





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Pro Vice Chancellor KK University Berauti, Nepura, Bihar Sharif Nalanda - 803115 (Bihar)

- https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- https://swayam.gov.in/
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Comparative Anatomy & Embryology of Vertebrate (Practical) BSZH – 2201 (P)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand the anatomical structures and variations among vertebrate classes.

CO2: Discuss, explain various structure and function of vertebrate system.

C03: Comprehend the fundamental processes of vertebrate embryonic development and their evolutionary significance.

CO4: Develop the ability to analyze and compare anatomical and embryological features, understanding their functional and evolutionary implications.

Course Objective:

Course focuses on hands-on experiences that enhance the understanding of vertebrate anatomy and embryological development. This component includes dissection, microscopic examination, and comparative analysis of various vertebrate species. The practical sessions aim to develop observational skills, technical proficiency, and a deeper appreciation of vertebrate diversity and development.





Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	 Study of placoid, cycloid and ctenoid scales through permanent slides/photographs Carapace and plastron of turtle /tortoise 	8	1-2
II	 Disarticulated skeleton of Frog, <i>Varanus</i>, Fowl, Rabbit Mammalian skulls: One herbivorous and one carnivorous animal 	12	3-5
III	 Dissection of rat to study arterial and urinogenital system (subject to permission) Study of structure of any two organs (heart, lung, kidney, eye and ear) from video recording (may be included if dissection not permitted) 	16	6-9
IV	 Chick embryo development (24, 48, 72 hours) Project on skeletal modifications in vertebrates (may be included if dissection not permitted) 	16	10-13
	Laboratory Note Book		14-15

Classification to be followed from Young, J. Z. (2004), *The life of vertebrates* (3rd ed.). Oxford University Press.

Reference Text Book:

- Lal, S. S. (2009). Practical Zoology Vertebrate. Rastogi Publications.
- Kotpal, R. L. (2012). A Textbook of Practical Zoology: Chordates. Rastogi Publications.
- Mohan, A., & Johal, A. S. (2011). Practical Zoology. Campus Books International.

Online Resources:

- Anatomy of shark: Shark dissection and anatomy (video)- <u>www.neosci.com</u>
- Anatomy of Chordates: The Vertebrate Dissection Guide Series (CD)–Learning Development Centre, University of Portsmouth
- Mammalian Physiology- www.biopac.com
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>





• <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>





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SEMESTER V

Animal Physiology BSZH – 3101

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Demonstrate comprehensive understanding of the basic physiological processes.

CO2: Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the digestion, respiratory, renal and circulatory system.

C03: Explain the anatomical and functional role of different physiological systems.

CO4: Understand the concept of integration and interaction of physiological systems.

Course Objective:

Course provides an in-depth understanding of the physiological processes that occur in animals. It covers the mechanisms by which animals maintain homeostasis, adapt to their environments, and perform essential life functions. The course includes topics such as neurophysiology, muscle physiology, endocrinology, cardiovascular physiology, respiratory physiology, and renal physiology. It emphasizes the comparative aspects of physiology across different animal groups, highlighting the diversity of adaptations in response to environmental challenges.





Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Physiology of Digestion	8	1-2
	Structural organization and functions of gastrointestinal tract and associated glands; Mechanical and chemical digestion of food; Absorptions of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, water, minerals and vitamins; Hormonal control of secretion of enzymes in Gastrointestinal tract.		
II	Physiology of Respiration	12	3-5
	Histology of trachea and lung; Mechanism of respiration, Pulmonary ventilation; Respiratory volumes and capacities; Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood; Respiratory pigments, Dissociation curves and the factors influencing it; Carbon monoxide poisoning; Control of respiration.		
III	Renal Physiology	12	6-8
	Structure of kidney and its functional unit; Mechanism of urine formation; Regulation of water balance; Regulation of acid-base balance.		
IV	Blood	12	9-11
	Components of blood and their functions; Structure and functions of haemoglobin, Haemostasis: Blood clotting system, Complement system& Fibrinolytic system, Haemopoiesis Blood groups: Rh factor, ABO and MN.		
V	Physiology of Heart	12	12-14
	Structure of mammalian heart; Coronary circulation, Structure and working of conducting myocardial fibers. Origin and conduction of cardiac impulses, Cardiac cycle, Cardiac output and its regulation, Frank-Starling Law of the heart, nervous and chemical regulation of heart rate; Electrocardiogram, Blood pressure and its regulation.		
	REVISION	<u> </u>	15



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Reference Text Book:

- Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company.
- Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons,
- Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins.
- Vander A, Sherman J. and Luciano D. (2014). Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanism of Body Function. XIII Edition, McGraw Hills

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Animal Physiology (Practical) BSZH – 3101(P)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.



Course Outcome:

CO1: Conduct hand- on experiments, dissection to understand animal physiology.

CO2: Determination of different physiological process through laboratory methodologies.

C03: Identification and comment upon the different histological slides.

CO4: Present practical project/ assessment for animal physiology.

Course Objective:

Course provides hands-on experience with experimental techniques and methodologies, focusing on understanding physiological processes in animals. The practical sessions aim to enhance students' observational skills, technical proficiency, and ability to analyze and interpret physiological data.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
Ι	 Determination of ABO Blood group Enumeration of red blood cells and white blood cells using haemocytometer 	12	1-3
Π	 Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer Determination of bleeding and clotting time 	12	4-6
III	 Determination of O₂ uptake by Terrestrial animal Recording of blood pressure using a sphygmomanometer 	12	7-9
IV	• Identification and comment upon the histological slides of mammalian oesophagus, stomach, duodenum, ileum, rectum liver, trachea, lung, kidney.	24	10-14
	Laboratory Note Book		15

Reference Text Book:

- Mohan, A., & Johal, A. S. (2011). Practical Zoology. Campus Books International.
- Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition.





Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company.

• Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons,

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Cell biology & Biometry BSZH - 3102

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand cellular organelles, membranes, cytoskeleton and cell division.

CO2: Explore the molecular basis of cellular functions, such as protein synthesis, trafficking, and energy production.

C03: Evaluate the mechanisms of signal transduction, gene expression, and cellular



responses to external stimuli.

CO4: Analyze the application of descriptive and inferential statistics in analyzing biological data.

Course Objective:

Course combines the study of cell biology, focusing on the structure and function of cells, with biometry, which involves the application of statistical methods to biological research. The course covers key concepts in cell biology, including cellular organization, molecular mechanisms, signaling pathways, and cellular processes such as division and differentiation. The biometry component emphasizes the use of statistical tools to design experiments, analyze data, and interpret results in biological research.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
Ι	Overview of Cells	4	1
	Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells, Virus, Viroids, Mycoplasma, Prions		
II	Plasma Membrane	8	2-3
	Various models of plasma membrane structure		
	Transport across membranes: Active and Passive transport, Facilitated transport		
	Cell junctions: Tight junctions, Desmosomes, Gap junctions		
III	Endomembrane System	8	4-5
	Structure and Functions: Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus, Lysosomes		
IV	Mitochondria and Peroxisomes	8	6-7
	Mitochondria: Structure, Semi-autonomous nature, Endosymbiotic hypothesis		
	Mitochondrial Respiratory Chain		
	Chemi-osmotic hypothesis, Peroxisomes		
V	Cytoskeleton	4	8
	Structure and Functions: Microtubules, Microfilaments and Intermediate filament		
VI	Nucleus	8	9-10
	Structure of Nucleus: Nuclear envelope, Nuclear pore complex, Nucleolus Chromatin: Euchromatin and Hetrochromatin and packaging (nucleosome)		
VII	Cell Division	8	11-12



VIIICell Signaling813-14GPCR and Role of second messenger (cAMP)813-14		Mitosis, Meiosis, Cell cycle and its regulation				
GPCR and Role of second messenger (cAMP)	VIII	VIII Cell Signaling 8				
		GPCR and Role of second messenger (cAMP)				
Laboratory Note Book 15	Laboratory Note Book			15		

Reference Text Book:

- Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). Cell and Molecular Biology. VIII, Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. V Edition. ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.
- Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. (2009). The World of the Cell. VII Edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.
- Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., & Walter, P. (2002). Molecular Biology of the Cell (4th ed.). Garland Science.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Cell biology & Biometry (Practical) BSZH – 3102(P)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.



PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand light microscopy to observe cell morphology and organelles.

CO2: Preparation of cell samples and staining techniques

CO3: Analysis of cellular processes such as mitosis, meiosis, and apoptosis.

CO4: Applying statistical methods to biological data, enhancing their research capabilities

Course Objective:

Course provides hands-on experience with laboratory techniques in cell biology and statistical analysis methods in biometry. This component aims to reinforce theoretical knowledge through practical application, enabling students to gain practical skills and experience.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
Ι	Preparation of temporary stained squash of grasshopper testes to study various stages of mitosis Study of various stages of meiosis.	16	1-4
II	Preparation of permanent slide to show the presence of Barr body in human female blood cells/cheek cells.	16	4-8
Ш	Preparation of permanent slide to demonstrate:i.DNA by Feulgen reactionii.DNA and RNA by MGPiii.Mucopolysaccharides by PAS reactioniv.Proteins by Mercurobromophenol blue/FastGreen	24	9-14
	Laboratory Note Book	1	15

Reference Text Book:

• Garg, P. K., & Sharma, P. (2014). Practical Biochemistry and Molecular Biology.

Cambridge University Press India.

- Wilson, K., & Walker, J. (2010). Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (7th ed.). Cambridge University Press.
- Mohan, A., & Johal, A. S. (2011). Practical Zoology. Campus Books International.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Biochemistry and Endocrinology BSZH - 3103

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Recall understanding of the chemical processes and molecular structures crucial to life.

CO2: Explain key metabolic pathways, their regulation, and their integration in various physiological states.





C03: Evaluate hormone functions, endocrine gland roles, and the clinical aspects of endocrine disorders.

CO4: Integrate biochemical and endocrine knowledge to understand complex physiological processes and their disorders.

Course Objective:

Course explores the chemical processes and substances that are crucial to living organisms, with a particular focus on biochemical mechanisms and endocrine system functions. The biochemistry component delves into the structure, function, and metabolism of biomolecules such as proteins, lipids, carbohydrates, and nucleic acids. The endocrinology component examines the role of hormones in regulating physiological processes, the mechanisms of hormone action, and the impact of endocrine disorders on health.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No.	No. of
		of hours	week
Ι	Overview of Metabolism	8	1-2
	Catabolism vs Anabolism, Stages of catabolism,		
	Compartmentalization of metabolic pathways, Shuttle		
	systems and membrane transporters; ATP as "Energy		
	Currency of cell"; coupled reactions; Use of reducing		
	equivalents and cofactors; Intermediary metabolism		
	and regulatory mechanisms.		
II	Carbohydrate Metabolism	12	3-5
	Sequence of reactions and regulation of glycolysis,		
	Citric acid cycle, Phosphate pentose pathway,		
	Gluconeogenesis, Glycogenolysis and Glycogenesis.		
III	Lipid Metabolism	16	6-9
	β -oxidation and omega -oxidation of saturated fatty		
	acids with even and odd number of carbon atoms;		
	Biosynthesis of palmitic acid; Ketogenesis		
IV	Protein Metabolism	16	10-13
	Catabolism of amino acids: Transamination,		
	Deamination, Urea cycle; Fate of C-skeleton of		
	Glucogenic and Ketogenic amino acids		
V	Oxidative Phosphorylation		
	Redox systems; Review of mitochondrial respiratory		
	chain, Inhibitors and un-couplers of Electron		
	Transport System.		
VI	Introduction to Endocrinology		
	History of endocrinology, Classification,		
	Characteristic and Transport of Hormones,		
	Neurosecretions and Neurohormones		



VII	Peripheral Endocrine Glands					
	Structure, Hormones, Functions and Regulation of					
	Thyroid gland, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pancreas, Ovary					
	and Testis					
	Hormones in homeostasis, Disorders of endocrine					
	glands					
VIII	Regulation of Hormone Action					
	Hormone action at Cellular level: Hormone receptors,					
	transduction and regulation					
	Hormone action at Molecular level: Molecular					
	mediators, Genetic control of hormone action					
Laboratory Note Book		14-15				

Reference Text Book:

- Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L., Gatto, G. J., & Strauss, C. J. (2015). Biochemistry (8th ed.). W.H. Freeman and Company.
- Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., & Walter, P. (2002). Molecular Biology of the Cell (4th ed.). Garland Science.
- Guyton, A. C., & Hall, J. E. (2016). Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology (13th ed.). Elsevier.
- Williams, R. H., & Wilkins, J. R. (2003). Endocrinology (6th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
- Sinha, S. K. (2011). Textbook of Biochemistry (5th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education India.
- Khatri, M. (2018). Human Physiology: Biochemistry and Endocrinology (2nd ed.). Pearson India.
- Saini, M., & Saini, N. (2012). Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.
- Hadley, M.E. and Levine J.E. (2007). Endocrinology, 6th Edition. Pearson Prentice-Hall, Pearson Education Inc., New Jersey.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Biochemistry & Endocrinology (Practical) BSZH 3103 – (P)



Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand and conduct Biochemical analysis of reducing sugar, starch, glycogen and amino acids

CO2: Identify and characterize endocrine glands

C03: Dissect laboratory animal, locate and identify endocrine glands

CO4: Present practical project/ assessment for biochemistry and endocrinology

Course Objective:

Course is designed to provide hands-on experience with laboratory techniques used in studying biochemical processes and endocrine functions. This component enhances students' ability to conduct experiments, analyze data, and apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Benedicts test for reducing sugar.Molisch's test.	16	1-4



	• Iodine test for starch and glycogen.		
II	 Ninhydrin reaction for glycine / tyrosin tryptophan. Million's reaction for glycine / tyrosine phenylalanine. 		5-8
III	 Dissect and display of Endocrine gland laboratory bred rat* Study of the permanent slides for all th endocrine glands 		9-12
IV	 Demonstration of Castration/ Ovariectoriaboratory bred rat* *If permission is granted 	omy in 8	13-14
Laboratory Note Book			15

Reference Text Book:

- Garg, P. K., & Sharma, P. (2014). Practical Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Cambridge University Press India.
- Murray, R. K., Granner, D. K., Mayes, P. A., & Rodwell, V. W. (2016). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (31st ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
- Wilson, K., & Walker, J. (2010). Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (7th ed.). Cambridge University Press.
- Mohan, A., & Johal, A. S. (2011). Practical Zoology. Campus Books International.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>





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SEMESTER VI

Genetics and Biotechnology BSZH - 3201

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand basic principle of Mendelian genetics, including inheritance patterns, dominant and recessive traits, and genetic linkage.

CO2: Explain the molecular basis of gene structure and function and understand gene regulation.

CO3: Evaluate key biotechnological methods such as PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction), gel electrophoresis, and cloning.

CO4: Conduct study agricultural biotechnology, including genetically modified organisms (GMOs), pest resistance, and crop improvement.

Course Objective:

Course explores the fundamental principles of genetics including inheritance patterns, molecular genetics, and genetic variation, and applies these concepts to modern biotechnological techniques. The course covers classical genetics, molecular genetics, and the various applications of biotechnology in medicine, agriculture, and industry





Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Mendelian Genetics Principles of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and co-dominance, Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy, Sex-linked, sex influenced and sex-limited characters inheritance.	8	1-2
II	Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping Linkage and crossing over, Cytological basis of crossing over, Molecular mechanisms of crossing over including models of recombination	8	3-4
III	Mutations Types of gene mutations (Classification), Types of chromosomal aberrations (Classification, figures and with one suitable example of each), Gene mutation and molecular mechanism of its origin.	8	5-6
IV	Extra-chromosomal Inheritance Criteria for extra-chromosomal inheritance, Antibiotic resistance, Mitochondrial mutations, Kappa particles and Maternal effects	8	7-8
V	Introduction to biotechnology Concept and scope of biotechnology, Cloning vectors: Plasmids, Cosmids, Phagemids, Lambda Bacteriophage, M13, BAC, YAC, MAC and Expression vectors (characteristics).	8	9-10
VI	Molecular Techniques in Gene manipulation Restriction enzymes: Nomenclature, detailed study of Type II. Transformation techniques: Calcium chloride method and electroporation.Construction of genomic and cDNA libraries and screening by colony and plaque hybridizationSouthern, Northern and Western blotting, DNA sequencing: Sanger method, Polymerase Chain Reaction, DNA Finger Printing and DNA micro array.	8	11-12
VII	Genetically Modified Organisms Production of cloned and transgenic animals: Nuclear Transplantation, Retroviral Method, DNA microinjection, Applications of transgenic animals: Production of pharmaceuticals, production of donor organs, knock-out mice. Production of transgenic	8	13-14



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plants: <i>Agrobacterium</i> mediated transformation. Applications of transgenic plants: insect and herbicide resistant plants.	
Laboratory Note Book	15

Reference Text Book:

- Griffiths, A. J. F., Wessler, S. R., Carroll, S. B., & Doebley, J. (2015). Introduction to Genetic Analysis (11th ed.). W.H. Freeman and Company.
- Watson, J. D., Baker, T. A., Bell, S. P., Gann, A., Levine, M., & Losick, R. (2013). Molecular Biology of the Gene (7th ed.). Pearson.
- Snustad, D. P., & Simmons, M. J. (2015). Principles of Genetics (7th ed.). Wiley.
- Gupta, P. K. (2009). Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering. Rastogi Publications.
- Verma, P. S., & Agarwal, V. K. (2012). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology (3rd ed.). S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- Satyanarayana, U. (2013). Biotechnology (2nd ed.). Books and Allied (P) Ltd.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Genetics and Biotechnology (Practical) BSZH – 3201 (P)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.



PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand complex inheritance patterns such as polygenic traits and gene-

environment interactions with help of Pedigree analysis.

CO2: Develop practical skills in modern biotechnological techniques and applications.

CO3: Evaluate working principle of modern biological tools and techniques.

Course Objective:

Course provides hands-on experience with laboratory techniques used in genetic analysis and biotechnological applications. This component enhances students' ability to conduct experiments, analyze data, and apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Acetocarmine stained squash preparation of the onion root tips and testes of grasshopper and demonstrate stages of mitotic and meiotic divisions respectively.	8	1-2
II	Acetocarmine preparation of the giant chromosomes of the chironomus/drosophila larvae.	12	3-5
III	Genomic DNA isolation from <i>E. coli</i> Plasmid DNA isolation (pUC 18/19) from <i>E. coli</i> .	16	6-9
IV	To study following techniques through photographs a. Southem Blotting b, Northern Blotting c, Western Blotting d. DNA Sequencing (Sanger's Method) e. PCR f DNA fingerprinting	16	10-13
	Laboratory Note Book	1	14-15



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Reference Text Book:

- Mohan, A., & Johal, A. S. (2011). Practical Zoology. Campus Books International.
- Watson, J. D., Baker, T. A., Bell, S. P., Gann, A., Levine, M., & Losick, R. (2013). Molecular Biology of the Gene (7th ed.). Pearson.
- Snustad, D. P., & Simmons, M. J. (2015). Principles of Genetics (7th ed.). Wiley.
- Gupta, P. K. (2009). Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering. Rastogi Publications.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Paleozoology, Evolutionary history and Zoogeography BSZH - 3202

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses,



conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand concepts related to evolution and mechanism and factors the affects evolution of animals

CO2: Explain processes of fossilization and its significance

C03: Conceptualizing the distribution of animal species and understand animal diversity across globe

CO4: Analyze complex and overlapping interaction of animal biodiversity over evolutionary time scale.

Course Objective:

The course delves into the study of fossilized animals, the evolutionary history of life on Earth, and the distribution of animal species across the globe. It covers the fossil record, phylogenetic relationships, and bio-geographical patterns, providing an integrated understanding of the factors shaping biodiversity over time.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
[Evolution	20	1-5
	Sources of hereditary variations and their role in		
	evolution, Principles of evolution, Lamarkiam, Neo-		
	Lamarkism, Darwiniam & Neo-Darwininm. Isolating		
	mechanisms and their role in evolution. Mimicry and		
	colouration. Introduction to population genetics and		
	Hardy-Weinberg Law.		
II	Zoogeography	20	6-10
	Zoogeographical realms of the world, their boundaries		
	and climatic peculiarities. Characteristic & Peculiar		
	fauna of Oriental, Ethopian and Australian regions.		
	Characteristics of Island fauna. Theories & Principles		
	pertaining to animal distribution. Different geological		
	eras of the world, their duration and climatic		
	conditions.		
III	Paleozoology	12	11-13
	Faunistic Peculiarities of Paleozoic, Masozoic and		
	Cenozoic eras. Fossils, their mode of formation & age		
	determination. Fossil hustory of Horse & Man.		
/	NIVER		6



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Reference Text Book:

- Carroll, R. L. (1997). Patterns and Processes of Vertebrate Evolution. Cambridge University Press.
- Strickberger, M. W., & Hall, B. K. (2008). Evolution (4th ed.). Jones & Bartlett Learning.
- Cox, C. B., Moore, P. D., & Ladle, R. J. (2016). Biogeography: An Ecological and Evolutionary Approach (9th ed.). Wiley-Blackwell.
- Jain, P. C., & Anantharaman, M. S. (2000). Palaeontology: Evolution and Animal Distribution. Vishal Publishing Co.
- Rastogi, V. B. (2015). Organic Evolution. Rastogi Publications.
- Futuyma, D. J. (2017). Evolution (4th ed.). Sinauer Associates.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Paleozoology, Evolutionary history and Zoogeography (Practical) BSZH – 3202-P

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.



PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand evolution of animals with concepts of analogy and homology.

CO2: Explain fossils with examples and implementation to record age

CO3: Analyze cladistics and phenetics.

C04: Conduct practical project/ assessment for Paleozoology, Evolutionary history and Zoogeography

Course Objective:

The practical component provides hands-on experience in paleontological methods, evolutionary analysis, and biogeographical studies. This component includes fossil analysis, phylogenetic reconstruction, and bio geographical mapping.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Serial homology is exhibited by the appendages of prawn.	8	1-2
II	Homology and Analogy as exhibited by the wings of birds, bat and insect.	12	3-5
III	Adaptive radiation as exhibited by beaks of birds and dentition of mammals.	16	6-9
IV	Draw evolutionary tree	16	10-13
V	Study of Fossils. Identification and comments upon the specimens/slides.		
	Laboratory Note Book		14-15

Reference Text Book:



- Moore, R. A., & Carroll, S. P. (2014). Introduction to Biology: An Evolutionary Approach. McGraw-Hill Education.
- Hall, B. K., & Hallgrimsson, B. (2008). Strickberger's Evolution: The Definitive Textbook (4th ed.). Jones & Bartlett Learning.
- Browne, R. K., & Smith, E. (2001). Practical Skills in Biology (3rd ed.). Pearson Education.
- Freeman, S., & Herron, J. C. (2014). Evolutionary Analysis (5th ed.). Pearson.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Mechanism of Evolution and Animal Behaviour BSZH - 3203

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Recall the adaptive significance of behavior and its role in survival and reproduction.

CO2: Explain the mechanisms behind complex animal behavior of social and sexual selection



C03: Evaluate key concepts related to ethology like imprinting, habituation and FAP.

CO4: Apply how behavior contributes to the fitness of animals in their environments.

Course Objective:

Course explores the scientific study of how animals interact with their environment and other organisms. It covers the mechanisms, development, evolution, and functions of behavior across a wide range of species. The course integrates concepts from ethology, psychology, ecology, and evolutionary biology to understand the adaptive significance of behavior.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Introduction to Animal Behaviour	8	1-2
	Origin and history of Ethology;		
	Brief profiles of Karl Von Frish, Ivan Pavlov, Konrad		
	Lorenz, Niko Tinbergen.		
II	Patterns of Behavior	12	3-5
	Proximate and ultimate causes of behavior, Methods		
	and recording of a behavior, Stereotyped Behaviors		
	(Orientation, Reflexes); Individual Behavioral		
	patterns; Instinct vs. Learnt Behavior Associative		
	learning, classical and operant conditioning,		
	Habituation, Imprinting.		
III	Social and Sexual Behavior	16	6-9
	Social Behavior: Concept of Society; Communication		
	and the senses; Altruism; Insects' society with Honey		
	bee as example; Foraging in honey bee and		
	advantages of the waggle dance. Sexual Behavior:		
	Asymmetry of sex, Sexual dimorphism, Mate choice,		
	Intra-sexual selection (male rivalry), Inter-sexual		
	selection (female choice), Sexual conflict in parental		
	care.		
	REVISION	1	14-15

Reference Text Book:

• Goodenough, J., McGuire, B., & Jakob, E. (2009). Perspectives on Animal Behavior



(3rd ed.). Wiley.

- Alcock, J. (2013). Animal Behavior: An Evolutionary Approach (10th ed.). Sinauer Associates.
- Drickamer, L. C., Vessey, S. H., & Jakob, E. M. (2002). Animal Behavior: Mechanisms, Ecology, Evolution (5th ed.). McGraw-Hill.
- Verma, P. S., & Agarwal, V. K. (2000). Animal Behaviour. S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- Gupta, P. K. (2014). Animal Behaviour. Rastogi Publications.
- Shukla, J. P., & Upadhyay, V. B. (2014). Principles of Animal Behaviour. Himalaya Publishing House.

Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- <u>https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1</u>
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in/</u>

Mechanism of Evolution and Animal Behaviour (Practical) BSZH – 3203 (P)

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of Zoology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze zoological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in zoology. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in zoology, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present zoological challenges.

Course Outcome:



Pro Vice Chancellor KK University Berauti, Nepura, Bihar Sharif Nalanda - 803115 (Bihar)

CO1: Understand how to accurately observe and record animal behavior in various contexts.

CO2: Explain experiments in controlled environments to study specific behaviors.

C03: Evaluate responses to stimuli to understand sensory and cognitive processes.

CO4: Conduct practical project/ assessment for animal behavior. Conduct field trip to observe wildlife in their natural habitat.

Course Objective:

The practical component involves hands-on experience with observing, recording, and analyzing animal behavior. This includes field studies, laboratory experiments, and data analysis.

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	• To study nests and nesting habits of the birds and social insects.	8	1-2
II	• To study the behavioral responses of wood lice to dry and humid conditions.	12	3-5
III	 To study geotaxis behavior in earthworm. To study the photo taxis behavior in insect larvae. 	16	6-9
IV	 Visit to Forest/ Wild life Sanctuary/ Biodiversity Park/Zoological Park to study behavioral Activities of animals and prepare a short report. 	16	10-13
	Laboratory Note Book		14-15

Reference Text Book:

- Mohan, A., & Johal, A. S. (2011). Practical Zoology. Campus Books International.
- Alcock, J. (2013). Animal Behavior: An Evolutionary Approach (10th ed.). Sinauer Associates
- Martin, P., & Bateson, P. (2007). Measuring Behaviour: An Introductory Guide (3rd ed.). Cambridge University Press.
- Zentall, T. R., & Sherburne, L. M. (Eds.). (2008). Comparative Cognition: Experimental Approaches to Common Themes (Vol. 2). MIT Press.





Online Resources:

- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/#</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/cecedusat</u>)
- https://www.education.gov.in/en/technology-enabled-learning-1
- <u>https://cec.nic.in/cec/curriculum_class</u>
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B.Sc Zoology SUBSIDIARY PAPER

SEMESTER I

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of biology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze biological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in life sciences. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in life sciences, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present scientific challenges.

Botany-I BSBT-S-1101

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Algae: (1) General characteristics & classification of algae, (2) General characteristics of Cyanophyceae with reference to <i>Oscillatoria</i> and <i>Rivularia</i> , <i>Nostoc</i> , <i>Anabaena</i> , (3) Structure and life history of the following genera with reference to alternation of generation: <i>Volvox</i> , <i>Ocedogolnium</i> , <i>Coleochaete</i> ,	8	1-2





Calamites.	1	
Fossils: Study of <i>Rhynia</i> , <i>Lepidodendron</i> and		
life history of the following: <i>Psilotum, Lycopodium,</i>		
classification. (2) Stelar evolution. (3) Structures and		
Pteridophytes: (1) General characters and		
Bryophytes. (2) Structures and life history of the		
and Economic importance of		
Bryophytes : (1) General characteristics, classification	12	3-5
• • • • •		
Fungi: (1) General Characters classification and		
(4) Study of Economics importance of Algae.		
*		
	 Fungi: (1) General Characters classification and Economic importance of Fungi, (2) Structures and life history of the following genera : <i>Synchytrium, Albugo, Erysiphe, Peziza, Ustilago, Puccinia, Alternaria, & Cercospora.</i> Bryophytes : (1) General characteristics, classification and Economic importance of Bryophytes. (2) Structures and life history of the following genera with reference to comparative studies of gametophytes and sporophytes: <i>Marchantia, Pellia, Anthoceros, Sphagnum</i> and <i>Polytrichum.</i> Pteridophytes: (1) General characters and classification. (2) Stelar evolution. (3) Structures and life history of the following: <i>Psilotum, Lycopodium, Selaginella, Equisetum, Marselia</i> and <i>Azolla.</i> Fossils: Study of <i>Rhynia, Lepidodendron</i> and 	 Polysiphonia. (4) Study of Economics importance of Algae. Fungi: (1) General Characters classification and Economic importance of Fungi, (2) Structures and life history of the following genera : Synchytrium, Albugo, Erysiphe, Peziza, Ustilago, Puccinia, Alternaria, & Cercospora. Bryophytes : (1) General characteristics, classification and Economic importance of Bryophytes. (2) Structures and life history of the following genera with reference to comparative studies of gametophytes and sporophytes: Marchantia, Pellia, Anthoceros, Sphagnum and Polytrichum. Pteridophytes: (1) General characters and classification. (2) Stelar evolution. (3) Structures and life history of the following: Psilotum, Lycopodium, Selaginella, Equisetum, Marselia and Azolla. Fossils: Study of Rhynia, Lepidodendron and

HINDI –I

HNL – 1101:

Syllabus:

- Hindi Bhasha ke Vibhinna Roop Rashtra bhasha, Rjabhasha, Janbhasha.
- Tippan, Aalekhan, Sankshepa, Sarkari patra ke prakar, paribhashik shabdawali.
- Anuvaad ki paribhasha, prakar, Upyogita aur mahatva, Achhe Anuvaad ke Gun, Anuvaad prayog (Hindi se English me Anuvaad).
- Sabhashan Kala ka Artha, Sambhashan ke Vibhinn Roop Vaartalap, Vyakhyan, Vaad-Vivaad, Ekaalap, Avaachik Abhivyakti, Jan Sambodhan, Sambhashan Kala ke Upaadan-Bhasha Gyan, Antaraal Dhwani (Volume), Lahaja (Accent).
- Sambhashan Kala ke Vibhinn Roop Udgoshana, Sanchalan, Aankho Dekha Haal, Vachan Kala, Vaad- Vivaad Pratiyogita, Samuh samvaad.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Karyalayeeya Hindi Dr. Kailashnath Pandey Prabhat Prakashan, New Delhi.
- 2. Prayojanmulak Hindi Prayukti aur Anuvaad Madhav Sonatakke





- 3. Anuvaad Vigyan Bholanath Tiwari
- 4. Bhashan aur Sambhashan ki Divya shakti Shri Ram Sharma Aacharya Yug Nirman Yojana Press, Mathura.
- 5. Bhashan Kala Dr. Mahesh Sharma GyanGanga Delhi.

CHEMISTRY - I

BSCH-S -1101

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Physical Chemistry	8	1-2
	Gaseous State		
	 Kinetic Theory of gases, Derivation of kinetic gas equation, deduction of gas law, calculation of gas constants and kinetic theory. Types of solids, crystal forces, law of 		
	of rational indices, Bragg's Law, Lattice energy, Born-Haber cycle		
II	Thermochemistry	8	3-4
	 Heat in chemical reactions, Reaction enthalpy, standard enthalpy changes. Hess Law, Kirchoff Law Bond energy and determination 		
III	Bond energy and determination Ionic Equilibrium	12	5-7
	 Ionic Product of water, pH, pK_a, pK_b, pK_w Buffer solution, Idea of buffer solution in everyday life. Solubility product and it application in salt analysis. Specific conductance, Molar conductance, Equivalent conductance 		
IV	Inorganic Chemistry	16	8-11
	Atomic Structure and Bonding		
	 Features of H-spectra and Bohr's theory. Shapes of orbital's and their labeling, idea of quantum number Pauli's Exclusion Principle, Hund's rule, Aufbau Principle 		





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	 Electronic configuration of elements Idea of ionic and covalent bonds, Ionization potential, Electro negativity, Electron affinity, Fajan's rule Chemistry of the following elements Li, Sn, Fluorine, Chlorine, Iodine 		
V	 Organic Chemistry Structure and Mechanism Hybridization, bond angle, bond length, idea of bonds. Inductive effect, electrometric effect, mesmeric effect Bond fission and products. 	12	12-14
	REVISION		15





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SEMESTER II

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of biology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze biological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in life sciences. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in life sciences, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present scientific challenges.

Botany-II MICROBIOLOGY AND PLANT PATHOLOGY

BSBT-S-1201

Syllabus:

Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
Historical background of Microbiology.	8	1-2
• Techniques of isolation for micro-organisms and culture media preparation.		
 Modern concepts about bacterial cell. Structure and nature of TMV and Bacteriophage 	12	3-5
 Role of microbes in nitrogen fixation. 		
 Industrial Importance of bacteria and fungi. Microbial degradation of agricultural produce in 	16	6-9
storage. Role of Toxins and Enzymes in Plant		
	 Historical background of Microbiology. Techniques of isolation for micro-organisms and culture media preparation. Modern concepts about bacterial cell. Structure and nature of TMV and Bacteriophage. Role of microbes in nitrogen fixation. Industrial Importance of bacteria and fungi. Microbial degradation of agricultural produce in 	of hours• Historical background of Microbiology.8• Techniques of isolation for micro-organisms and culture media preparation.8• Modern concepts about bacterial cell.12• Modern concepts about bacterial cell.12• Structure and nature of TMV and Bacteriophage.16• Industrial Importance of bacteria and fungi.16• Microbial degradation of agricultural produce in16

		Diseases		
IV	•	Important plant diseases of Bihar, Etiology,	16	10-13
		symptoms and control of the following diseases:		
		(a) Late blight of potato (b) Loose smut of wheat		
	(c) Rust of linseed (d) Red rot of sugarcane			
	(e) Citrus canker (f) Tobacco mosaic virus			
	•	Transmission of Plant viruses and control measures		
		REVISION	1	14-15

ENGLISH – I

ENL-1201

I. Prose:

- 1. The Bet Anton Chekov
- 2. Socrates and the Schoolmaster F. L. Brayne
- 3. An Astrologer's Day R. K. Narayan
- 4. The Gift of the Magi O' Henry
- 5. With the Photographer Stephen Leacock

II. Spoken Communication:

- 1) Meeting People, Exchanging Greetings and Taking Leave
- 2) Introducing Yourself
- 3) Introducing People to Others
- 4) Answering the Telephone and Asking for Someone
- 5) Dealing with a Wrong Number
- 6) Taking and Leaving Messages
- 7) Making Inquiries on the Phone
- 8) Calling for Help in an Emergency

II. Grammar and Vocabulary: Articles, prepositions, modal auxiliaries, antonyms, synonyms, one-word substitutes.

IV. Written Communication: Summarizing

CHEMISTRY -II



Pro Vice Chancellor KK University Berauti, Nepura, Bihar Sharif Nalanda - 803115 (Bihar)

BSCH -- S- 1201

ontent	Total No. of hours	No. of week
hysical Chemistry	8	1-2
hemical Kinetics		
(a) Rate of reaction, order and molecularity.(b) Expression for specific rate constant of first order reaction.		
(a) Half-life period and Units		
olligative Properties	12	3-5
 (a) Osmosis and its determination. (b) Vapour Pressure (c) Raoult's law of lowering vapour pressure (d) Relation between osmotic pressure and lowering of vapour pressure. 		
norganic Chemistry	16	6-9
rinciples involved in the volumetric and gravimetric stimation of Cu and Fe.		
otopes: Brief idea of detection and separation, adiocarbon dating.		
organic Chemistry	16	10-13
omenclature		
 (a) IUPAC Nomenclature of aliphatic and aromatic compounds Chemistry of monohydric alcohol and Grignard reagent Idea of purification of compounds, Chromatography 		
REVISION	I	14-15
	Grignard reagent Idea of purification of compounds, Chromatography	Grignard reagent Idea of purification of compounds, Chromatography





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SEMESTER III

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of biology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze biological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in life sciences. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in life sciences, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present scientific challenges.

BOTANYIII

BSBTS -2101

Plant Physiology and Environmental Biology

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
Ι	 Plant Physiology: Water relation, Absorption of water and Salts Transpiration. Mineral nutrition - Role of major and minor element. 	8	1-2
Π	 Enzymes-Nature, properties & Classification v. Photosynthesis Photophosphorylation calvin cycles and factors affecting Photosynthesis. Translocation of Organic substances. 	12	3-5
III	• Respirtion - Gycolysis, Kreb's Cycle and Factors affecting respiration.	16	6-9





	• Nitrogen metabolism-Nitrogen fixation and Protein synthesis.		
IV	Environmental Biology:	16	10-13
	Pollution, Soil-Types, water holding capacity, reclamation		
REVISION			14-15

HINDI –II HNL – 2101

Syllabus:

CHEMISTRY –III

BSCH -- S- 2101

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Physical Chemistry	12	1-3
	States of Matter		
	(a) Van der Waals equation, critical constants, collision frequency, mean free path.(b) Idea of lattice planes, stoichiometric and non-stoichiometric defects in simple ionic solid		
II	Thermodynamics	12	4-6
	(a) Extensive and Intensive system.(b) First and second law of thermodynamics(c) Carnot cycle		
III	Inorganic Chemistry	16	7-10
	Atomic structure and bonding		
	Atomic structure and bonding		
	(a) De Broglie waves(b) Schrodinger wave equation		



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	(c) Idea of overlap and hybridization		
	(d) Metallic bonding		
	(e) Double salts and complex salts		
	(f) Werner's theory		
IV	Organic Chemistry	16	11-14
	Structure and Mechanism		
	(a) Different types of isomerism(b) Elementary and nucleophilic substitution at		
	saturated carbon		
	Natural Products		
	(a) Carbohydrates		
	Elementary idea of Alkaloids and Terpenoids		
	REVISION		15





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SEMESTER IV

Program Outcome:

PO1: Recall and recognize fundamental concepts, principles, and theories in diverse field of biology.

PO2: Demonstrate an understanding of complex biological processes and explain how these relate to their function and survival.

PO3: Analyze biological concepts to solve problems and further, utilize laboratory techniques to conduct experiments, collect data, and interpret results.

PO4: Apply complex biological data and critical thinking to draw valid conclusions.

PO5: Evaluate current scientific literature, theories, and research in life sciences. Moreover, assess the impact of these progresses for academic advancement.

PO6: Design and conduct research work in life sciences, including developing hypotheses, conducting experiments, and analyzing results that address present scientific challenges.

Botany-IV BSBT-S -2201 Immunology

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
I	Overview of immune system: Historical perspective of Immunology, Early theories of Immunology, Haematopoiesis, Cells and organs of the immune system.	12	1-3
II	Innate and Adaptive immunity: Anatomical barriers, Inflammation, Cell and molecules involved in innate immunity, Adaptive immunity (Cell mediated and humoral), Passive: Artificial and natural immunity, Active: Artificial and natural immunity, Immune dysfunctions.	12	4-6
III	Antigens: Antigen city and immunogenicity, immunizes, adjuvant and haptens, Factors influencing immunogenicity, B and T cell epitopes.	12	7-9



IV	Vaccines: Types of vaccines: Recombinant vaccines and DNA vaccines	16	10-13
	REVISION		14-15

ENGLISH – II ENL-2201

Syllabus:

Short Stories

- 1. Maupassant The Necklace
- 2. O. Henry The Last Leaf
- 3. Catherine Mansfield A Cup of Tea
- 4. R.K. Narayan Selvi
- 5. MR Anand The Lost Child
- 6. Jhumpa Lahiri The Interpreter of Maladies
- 7. Shashi Deshpande Hear Me Sanjaya!

II. Pieces of Prose

- a. James Bryce Some hints of Public Speaking
- b. C.E.M. .Toad A Dialogue on Civilization
- c. Hill Principles of good writing
- d. Bapsi Sidhwa Why do I write?
- e. Jawahar Lal Nehru The Reawakening of India
- f. Subhash Chandra Bose To Delhi, To Delhi
- g. Dr. Rukhmabai Purdah The Need for its Abolition

III. Novel

Lord of the Flies - William Golding

CHEMISTRY –IV BSCH-S- 2201

Syllabus:

Unit	Content	Total No. of hours	No. of week
Ι	Physical Chemistry		





	Ionic Equilibrium		
	(a) Oswald's dilution law		
	(b) Salt Hydrolysis		
	(c) Theory of acid – base indicator		
II	Chemical Kinetics		
	(a) Second order reaction, expression of rate constant.		
	(b) Effect of temperature on reaction rate		
	(c) Arrhenius equation		
III	Inorganic Chemistry	16	6-9
	(a) Chemistry of Group 4 elements		
	(b) Idea of Major pollutants in environments		
IV	Organic Chemistry	16	10-13
	Structure of Benzene and benzene Diazonium chloride		
	Brief idea of Polymers, resins, drugs		
	REVISION	1	





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